

12 March 2019

Lachlan Valley

Water allocation update

This statement is earlier than the expected 14 March publication to allow discussion of the forecast information herein at Lachlan Valley Water field days this week.

There is no change to allocations in the Lachlan regulated river water source. Inflow conditions remain well short of enabling further general security allocation, with over 188 gigalitres (GL) of system inflow required in March, compared with just one gigalitre received.

The planning horizon for the Lachlan resource assessment runs through to May 2021, some 27 months. It provides security to priority needs before further general security allocation. Despite the lack of allocation this year, valley-wide general security water availability through remaining carryover is currently 164 GL, or about 28 per cent of entitlement on average.

As Lake Brewster is effectively empty, irrigation and environmental demand below Brewster Weir this water year is being delivered from Wyangala Dam. In ordering water, users must allow for the extra delivery travel times, particularly those in the regulated Willandra Creek.

An indicative outlook on water availability for 2019-20 has been provided further below.

2018-19	High Security	General Security	Drought Stage
Lachlan	100%	0%	 Stage 1

Storage levels (as at 12 March 2019)

- Wyangala Dam is 34 per cent full – falling – currently at 409 GL.
- Lake Cargelligo is 85 per cent full – falling – currently at 32 GL.
- Lake Brewster is effectively empty.

Drought stage

The NSW Extreme Events Policy introduced a staged approach to managing extreme events, such as severe droughts or poor water quality events. Currently, the Lachlan regulated river water source is in Stage 1, meaning there are no constraints expected to the deliverability of account water during the current water year.

Although currently in Stage 1, the valley could quickly move through to stage 3 during next water year if winter rains again fail. See below for more details on the indicative outlook for 2019-20 water availability.

Also, further information on the policy and related drought stages can be found at:
www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/allocations-availability/droughts-floods/extreme-events

Climatic outlook

The Bureau of Meteorology seasonal outlook for March to May shows conditions are likely to be drier than average and temperatures are likely to be above average.

The Bureau's ENSO Outlook is currently at El Niño WATCH, meaning there is a 50% chance of El Niño developing from autumn; this is double the normal chance. For further details: www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/rainfall/summary

Next announcements

The next water allocation statement for the Lachlan regulated river water source will be on **Friday 12 April 2019**.

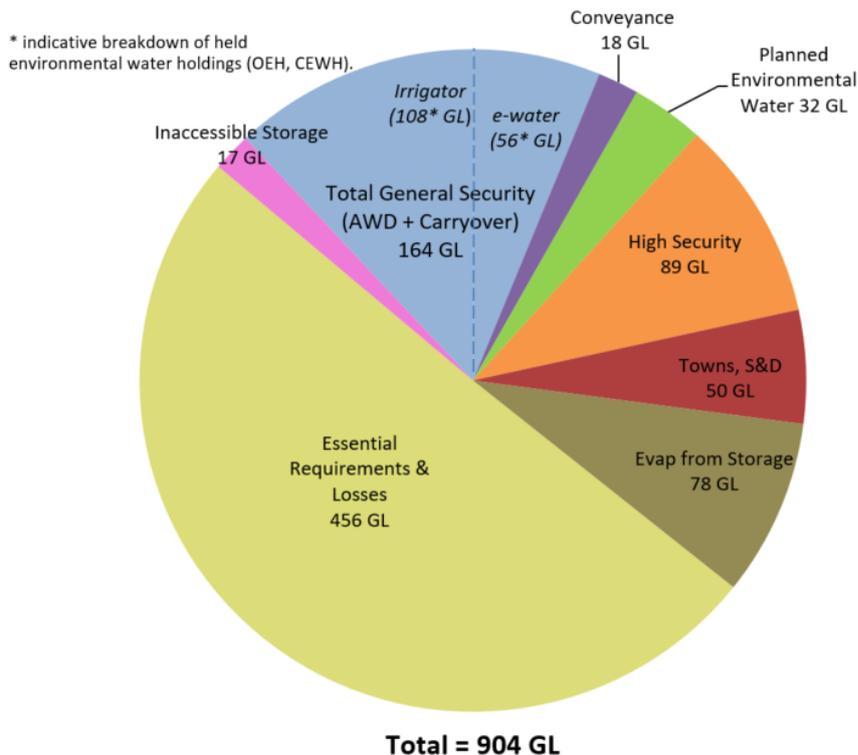
Lachlan Resource Assessment Data Sheet

Resource Distribution (March 2019 to May 2021)	
	Volume (GL)
Available Resource ⁽¹⁾	716
less	
General Security 2018/2019 AWD ^{(7),(8)}	0 (0%)
Carryover remaining in accounts ^{(2),(8)}	164
Conveyance	18
Planned Environmental Water ⁽³⁾	32
High Security ⁽⁴⁾	89 (100%)
Towns, Stock, Domestic ⁽⁴⁾	50 (100%)
Evaporation from storage ⁽⁵⁾	78
Essential Requirements and Losses (transmission, operations) ⁽⁶⁾	456
Inaccessible storage	17

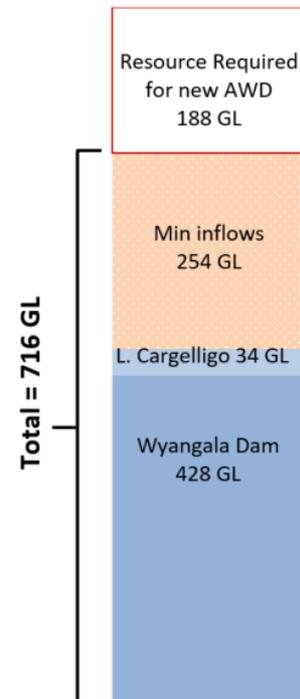
**See notes below.*

Resource Distribution: March 2019 to May 2021

Lachlan Valley



Supply Source ⁽⁹⁾



Notes:

- (1) Total available resource: End of February storage volume in Wyangala Dam, Lake Cargelligo and Lake Brewster, plus minimum forecast inflows from now to May 2021.
- (2) Carryover remaining in general security accounts, including held environmental water.
- (3) Planned environmental water: water allocated to the Water Quality Allowance and/or the Environmental Contingency Allowances under the water sharing plan. Excludes 'licence-based' environmental water.
- (4) Towns, Stock, Domestic and High Security: reserves are set aside to meet 100% of these high priority entitlements to 31 May 2021. Balances in high security accounts include water traded in from general security licences.
- (5) It is assessed that the lakes are likely to be drawn down slowly in the current water year, increasing storage evaporation.
- (6) Essential Requirements and Losses: best estimate of the volume required to run the river under dry conditions through to May 2021 to meet all demands. This mostly comprises natural transmission losses as water soaks into river bed sands. The volume includes S&D replenishment deliveries in autumn 2019, 2020, and 2021. It is assumed that current tributary inflows will return to dry conditions going forward. The loss allowance is updated regularly.
- (7) Volume represents the total cumulative AWD made to GS licences in the current water year.
- (8) Held environmental water (HEW): held environmental water administered by environmental water holders is being reported here, with the associated portion of general security allocation also identified in the above pie chart. This reporting is indicative only, prior to reconciliation of usage and net trade, and is estimated to be 56GL of GS, and 20GL of HS. These reported entitlements are managed by environmental holder groups, including the NSW Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) and the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder (CEWH). Details on e-water holdings can be found on individual agency websites.
- (9) The supply source of total available water, explained in Note (1) above, is provided. Note that Lake Brewster is empty now. It also indicates the current shortfall required before a further AWD can be made.

Water availability outlook for 2019-20

- The remaining monthly Water Allocation Statements for this water year will provide estimates of carryover deliverability in 2019-20. The aim is to assist water users with their end of year water management decisions and upcoming water year planning.
- Forecast conditions are indicative only and not guaranteed. Forecasts should be used with caution and can change, particularly when they project many months ahead.
- The resource assessment process is based on the worst period of low inflows prior to the water sharing plan commencing in 2004. This excludes the Millennium drought, which contained the lowest Lachlan inflows on record. Therefore there is an inherent small risk in adopting the second worst drought for water allocations.
- The system continues to experience very low inflows, only slightly above pre-2004 minimums since the last general security allocation in August 2017. The planning horizon for historical minimum inflows assumes a recovery in the system will occur this winter but this is statistically based and not necessarily reality – not guaranteed.
- If such a winter recovery does not eventuate, minimum inflows relied upon to underpin existing general security water in accounts will have been insufficient, meaning restrictions will be required in 2019-20 (drought stage 3).
- Although allocations are based on the second worst drought historically in the Lachlan, planning and managing for drought is done on the worst case scenario.
- As part of drought contingency measures, preliminary estimates of carryover deliverability under various inflow scenarios have been provided in the table below.
- Conditions are being closely monitored and forecasts can expect to become more reliable as the forecast period reduces.

Estimated deliverability of carryover under various inflow scenarios

2019-20 Delivery of GS water (ML)	Delivery as % of water held in GS accounts on 1/07/19	Combined inflows required by 1/07/19 (ML)	Chance of receiving these inflows by 30 June 2019	Chance of receiving these inflows by 31 October 2019	Wyangala Dam % capacity on 1/07/19
78,000	45%	1,500 (historical minimum)	99%	99%	27%
122,000	70%	50,000	60%	95%	31%
175,000	100%	110,000	> 40%	> 80%	36%

Note 1: Estimated water held in general security accounts on 1 July 2019 of about 175,000 ML.

Note 2: Water delivery operations in 2019-20 provided under drought contingency planning.

- Potential general security allocations in 2019-20, based on a repeat of historical inflows, are provided in the table below as estimated chances of improvement.
- These are indicative improvements only and are not guaranteed allocations. Estimates may change based on weather variability, water management decisions and other events. This means water users should use this information with caution and at their own risk, as it projects many months ahead.

Estimated chances of improvement

Historical Inflow Scenario	Cumulative General Security AWD*	
	For 2018-19 by 30 Jun 2019	For 2019-20 by 31 Oct 2019
Dry (exceeded 4 times in 5 years)	0% ⁺	0% [^]
Average (exceeded once every 2 years)	0% ⁺	6% [^]
Wet (exceeded once in 5 years)	12% ⁺	78% [^]

* Estimated values indicative only, not guaranteed and subject to change based on actual events unfolding.

⁺ Add remaining balances on 1 July 2018 carried forward to these forecast AWD values.

[^] Add remaining balances on 1 July 2019 carried forward to these forecast AWD values, subject to any account restrictions (Section 324 Orders).