

Report card for the Parramatta River Water Source

Report card 47 of 64

Water source context

Water Sharing Plan:	Greater Metropolitan Region Unregulated River Water Sources
Extraction Management Unit:	Northern Sydney Rivers
Management zones:	Upper Parramatta River Management Zone Lower Parramatta River Management Zone
Area:	32,455.8 ha
Inflowing water source:	Lane Cove River Water Source
Receiving water source:	Nil

River flows

Low flow index:	2.3 ML/day (80 th percentile)
Flow records:	Toongabbie Creek at Briens Road gauge (213005)

Basic landholder rights

Domestic and stock rights estimate:	2,295.9 ML/yr
Native title rights:	0 ML/yr

Licensed water entitlements

Total surface water entitlement:	734 ML/yr (unregulated river licences)
Local water utilities entitlement:	0 ML/yr
Major utilities entitlement:	0 ML/yr
Proportion of extraction management unit:	40%

Rules

Managing access licences

Each water access licence has its own share component (volume of the licence) and a water allocation account that acts like a bank account where water is credited or debited.

- Water is credited to an account by an available water determination or if water is traded in (purchased) during the year from other licence holders
- Water is debited from the account when water is extracted or traded out (sold). Total extraction from a work (pump, bore, etc.) will be measured via metering or logbooks.

Carryover and individual account limits

For a major water utility access licence account – carryover is not permitted.

Domestic and stock, unregulated river and aquifer access licence accounts - carryover is permitted up to 1 ML per unit share or 100% of share component (where expressed in ML) at the end of each water year.

Domestic and stock, unregulated river and aquifer access licences - the maximum water account debit in any 3 consecutive water years is the volume of water allocated to the account over those 3 years from available water determinations plus any adjustments made for allocation assignments (trades) or water allocation re-credited into the account.

Table 1. Draft rules for granting access licences

Type	Current rules	Proposed rules
<p>There are limited purposes for which a new licence will be granted. It is anticipated that most water needs will be sourced from the market. One reason a licence may be granted is for Aboriginal cultural purposes. Other reasons are identified in Clause 10 of the Water Management Act General Regulation 2018.</p>		
Aboriginal cultural access licence	Permitted to a limit of 10 ML/yr.	No change.
Aboriginal community development access licence	Prohibited.	No change.

Table 2. Draft surface water access rules

Type	Current rules	Proposed rules
	River flow can be viewed on WaterNSW Real-time Data website . Search for a gauge under Rivers and Streams.	
Cease to pump	<p>Upper Parramatta River Management Zone:</p> <p>Cease to pump when no visible flow at the pump site.</p> <p>Cease to pump when flows are in the very low flow class.</p> <p>No take for 24 hours after a cease to pump event.</p> <p>Lower Parramatta River Management Zone:</p> <p>Cease to pump when no visible flow at the pump site.</p>	No change.
Flow classes	<p>Upper Parramatta River Management Zone:</p> <p>Very Low Flow Class: ≤ 1 ML/day A Class: >1 ML/day</p> <p>Lower Parramatta River Management Zone:</p> <p>None established.</p>	No change.
Extraction from an in-river pool	Must cease pumping if the in-river pool is below full capacity.	No change.
Extraction from an authorised in-river dam pool	Rules specified on the water supply work approval for the in-river dam.	No change
Off-river pools (natural pools, lakes or lagoons)	Extraction from natural pools can only occur if the pool is 100% full.	No change.

Table 3 Exemptions from surface water access rules

Type	Current rules	Proposed rules
Health and hygiene	For an access licence specified in Schedule 2 of the plan, no more than 20 kl/day for the following reasons: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fruit washing • cleaning of dairy plant and equipment for the purposes of hygiene • poultry watering and misting • cleaning of enclosures used for intensive animal production for the purposes of hygiene. 	Exemption now applies to both fruit and vegetable washing
Domestic use	For domestic consumption under a domestic and stock access licence, up to 1 kl/day.	No change.
Harvestable rights	From a run-off harvesting dam.	No change.
Specific purpose	For an access licence specified in Schedule 2 of the plan.	No change.

Table 4 Draft rules for constructing surface water supply works

Type	Current rules	Proposed rules
In-river dams	Upper Parramatta River Management Zone: Permitted. Lower Parramatta River Management Zone: Prohibited	No change.
Works near coastal wetlands listed under <i>State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021</i>	No current rule.	Prohibited within 3km upstream of a Ramsar wetland or 200m of a coastal wetland identified on the Coastal Wetlands and Littoral Rainforest Area Map available on the NSW Planning Portal at www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au

Table 5 Draft water trading (dealing) rules

Type	Current rules	Proposed rules
<p>Trading covers conversion of access licence to a new category (for example from unregulated river to aquifer), assignment of rights dealings (trading of a licence), share component dealings between water sources (trading of entitlement between water sources), water allocation dealings (trading an annual allocation) and water supply works dealings (relocation of an extraction point).</p>		
INTO water source	Permitted, no net gain.	Permitted from Lane Cove River Water Source below the confluence of the Lane Cove River and Parramatta River
WITHIN water source	Permitted	Permitted from Upper Parramatta River Management Zone to Lower Parramatta River Management Zone.
Surface water to groundwater	Prohibited	No change
Groundwater to surface water	Prohibited	No change
Convert to high flow	Prohibited	No change

Key factors for decisions

- Parramatta River Water Source has low ecologic values.
- There are no likelihood modelling results for the Parramatta River Water Source due to the high levels of urbanization in the catchment. Using the precautionary principle, the Department has assumed likelihood that water extraction is impacting low flows is high with this supported by the levels of hydrological alteration in this area.
- Upper and Lower Parramatta River Management Zones are proposed to be combined into one water source – the Parramatta River Water Source. Management zones will remain separate allowing access and trade to be managed separately in each zone.
- Parramatta River Water Source has high likelihood. To reduce this pressure trade will only be allowed in a downstream direction. This means from the Upper to the Lower Parramatta River Management Zone and from the Lane Cove Water Source downstream of the confluence of the Lane Cove River and Parramatta River.

Public exhibition

The Department of Planning and Environment seeks feedback from the public on the suitability of the proposed rules for this water source.

The draft Greater Metropolitan Region Unregulated River Water Sharing Plan and supporting fact sheets are available from the department's [Public Exhibition website](#).